

Upon becoming ineligible for group insurance, e.g., leaving employment, you may convert your Group Life Insurance coverage to an Individual Whole Life Insurance policy. This can be done regardless of your current health. For information about the amount you may convert or how long you have to convert, see either your certificate or group policy.

**To apply:**

1. Complete Part 2 of this conversion application. Be sure your Employer has completed Part 1. Premium rates and instructions are shown on the reverse side.
2. Mail the completed application with your check or money order for the first modal premium to the above address.

<b>Part 1: TO BE COMPLETED BY EMPLOYER</b>			Group Number <input type="text"/>	<b>Reason for Termination</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Termination of employment or membership in eligible class <input type="checkbox"/> Termination of Group Policy and Date Term'd <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Disability <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) <input type="text"/>
Date Employment Term'd <input type="text"/>	Date Coverage Terminated <input type="text"/>	Last Actual Day of Work <input type="text"/>	Amount of Group Insurance <input type="text"/>	
Name of Employer Providing Group Policy <input type="text"/>		Annual Salary <input type="text"/>	Insurance Class <input type="text"/>	
Signature of Policyholder's Representative/Title <input type="text"/>		Telephone Number <input type="text"/>	Date Signed <input type="text"/>	

**Part 2: TO BE COMPLETED BY INSURED** Please type or print with ball point pen  
 I hereby apply to convert my life insurance and affirm the following statements of fact:

NAME IN FULL <input type="text"/>		SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER <input type="text"/>	TELEPHONE NUMBER <input type="text"/>	GROUP POLICY NO. <input type="text"/>	
RESIDENT ADDRESS					
STREET <input type="text"/>		CITY <input type="text"/>	STATE <input type="text"/>	ZIP CODE <input type="text"/>	
SEX <input type="text"/>	DATE OF BIRTH <input type="text"/>	AGE LAST BIRTHDAY <input type="text"/>	STATE OF BIRTH <input type="text"/>	LAST DATE OF ACTIVE WORK <input type="text"/>	PRESENT OCCUPATION <input type="text"/>
AMOUNT OF INSURANCE TO BE CONVERTED <input type="text"/>	PREMIUM MODE <input type="checkbox"/> Annual <input type="checkbox"/> Quarterly <input type="checkbox"/> Semi-Annual <input type="checkbox"/> EFT Monthly*		<b>First full modal premium must be submitted with application</b> Premium Enclosed \$ <input type="text"/>		Automatic Premium Loan Provision Desired? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

**Secondary Addressee Option** In the event of non-payment of premium, we will send the Secondary Addressee a policy lapse notice. If you would like this option, provide the Secondary Addressee's name, complete address and phone number.

<input type="text"/> Name	<input type="text"/> Address	<input type="text"/> Phone No.
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**BENEFICIARY DESIGNATION**

Primary	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	ADDRESS	SOCIAL SECURITY NO	DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Secondary	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	ADDRESS	SOCIAL SECURITY NO	DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

**If more space is need 1) use extra paper 2) mark able "See Attached" 3) attachment MUST be signed and dated by Policy Owner.**

Is the owner to be other than the insured?  Yes       No

<input type="text"/> FIRST NAME	<input type="text"/> INITIAL	<input type="text"/> LAST NAME	<input type="text"/> RELATIONSHIP
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Address of Owner, if other than Insured:

<input type="text"/> No. & Street	<input type="text"/> City	<input type="text"/> State	<input type="text"/> Zip Code
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The Owner is the person who may exercise all rights in the contract, e.g., assign, surrender, borrow. If no one is named, the Insured shall be the Owner.

I declare that the information on this application is complete and true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. I agree that the Company may deposit the payment submitted with this application prior to approval of this application. If I am not eligible to convert my Group Insurance, the sole obligation of the Company shall be to refund any premiums paid.

Signed At   on     
 City State Mo Day Year Signature of Applicant

Signature of Owner (Other than Insured)

\*EFT (Electronic Funds Transfer - Sign on back and attach voided check)

Premiums are payable to age 98 or death, whichever occurs first. For information about the amount you are eligible to convert, please refer to the Conversion of Life Insurance provision of your group life insurance certificate or the group policy. Our minimum issue amount is \$2,000.

To calculate your premium, find your present age and the corresponding **table rate per \$1,000** from the columns below. Multiply this premium by the number of thousands of dollars of insurance you plan to convert. Then multiply by the premium factor and add the modal policy fee to find your premium payment.

Last Birthday	Table Rate Per Thousand	Last Birthday	Table Rate Per Thousand	(√)	Mode Desired	Premium Factor	Modal Policy Fee
20.....	6.51	60.....	47.79	<input type="checkbox"/>	Annual.....	1.000	\$17.00
21.....	6.86	61.....	50.70	<input type="checkbox"/>	Semi-Annual.....	.520	\$9.00
22.....	7.09	62.....	53.72	<input type="checkbox"/>	Quarterly.....	.265	\$5.00
23.....	7.42	63.....	56.86	<input type="checkbox"/>	EFT Monthly.....	.08583	\$0.00
24.....	7.76	64.....	60.23				
25.....	8.10	65.....	63.84				
26.....	8.56	66.....	67.67				
27.....	8.90	67.....	71.74				
28.....	9.22	68.....	76.05				
29.....	9.68	69.....	80.47				
30.....	10.13	70.....	85.24				
31.....	10.58	71.....	90.70				
32.....	11.03	72.....	96.55				
33.....	11.59	73.....	102.77				
34.....	12.14	74.....	109.38				
35.....	12.70	75.....	116.41				
36.....	13.25	76.....	123.90				
37.....	13.92	77.....	131.94				
38.....	14.58	78.....	140.61				
39.....	15.23	79.....	150.02				
40.....	15.89	80.....	160.20				
41.....	16.77	81.....	171.21				
42.....	17.76	82.....	183.01				
43.....	18.73	83.....	195.57				
44.....	19.71	84.....	208.90				
45.....	20.79	85.....	223.10				
46.....	21.97	86.....	282.86				
47.....	23.14	87.....	342.62				
48.....	24.53	88.....	402.38				
49.....	25.90	89.....	462.15				
50.....	27.36	90.....	521.91				
51.....	28.92	91.....	581.67				
52.....	30.56	92.....	641.43				
53.....	32.28	93.....	701.19				
54.....	34.10	94.....	760.95				
55.....	36.10	95.....	820.72				
56.....	38.10	96.....	880.48				
57.....	40.30	97.....	940.24				
58.....	42.68	98.....	1,000.00				
59.....	45.16						

(Sign below & attach voided check)

Enclose the **Modal Premium** amount with your application.

For clarification, contact  
**DEARBORN NATIONAL**  
Attn: Department 6006  
1020 31st Street  
Downers Grove, IL 60515  
1-800-348-4512

EFT Authorization: Check one:

Checking  Savings

Account #

I hereby authorize and request Dearborn National Life Insurance Company to withdraw funds from my account and transfer those funds in payment for my monthly premium, and to initiate debit entries, if necessary, for any credit entries made in error. This authorization is to remain in full force until I notify Dearborn National Life Insurance Company in writing of any changes or cancellation of payment. I understand that to change or cancel any future transactions, such notice must be received not less than ten business days prior to the transaction date.

*Signature of Account Holder*  
**(Please attach voided check)**

**Example:** Conversion of \$10,000 Group Life for a 45-year old to \$10,000 Whole Life Plan payable quarterly:

Table Rate	<b>X</b>	# of Thousands To Be Converted	<b>X</b>	Premium Factor	<b>+</b>	Modal Policy Fee	<b>=</b>	<b>Modal Premium</b>
20.79	<b>X</b>	10.000	<b>X</b>	0.265	<b>+</b>	5.00	<b>=</b>	60.10

**Your Calculations:**

Table Rate	<b>X</b>	# of Thousands To Be Converted	<b>X</b>	Premium Factor	<b>+</b>	Modal Policy Fee	<b>=</b>	<b>Modal Premium</b>
								\$ _____

**The laws of some states require us to furnish you with the following notice:****FOR APPLICATIONS AND CLAIMS:**

**Alabama:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

**Colorado:** It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado division of insurance within the department of regulatory agencies.

**District of Columbia: WARNING:** It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

**Florida:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

**Hawaii:** For your protection, Hawaii law requires you be informed that presenting a fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both.

**Kentucky:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

**Louisiana:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Maine & Washington:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Maryland:** Any person who knowingly and willingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**New Mexico:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

**Ohio:** Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowingly that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

**Oklahoma:** Any person who knowingly, with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes a claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Pennsylvania:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

**Puerto Rico:** Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation with the penalty of a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties. Should aggravating circumstances be present, the penalty thus established may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years, if extenuating circumstances are present, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

**Rhode Island:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Tennessee:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Virginia:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

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**The laws of some states require us to furnish you with the following notice:**

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**FOR CLAIMS ONLY:**

**Alaska:** A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

**Arizona:** For your protection, Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

**Arkansas:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**California:** For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

**Delaware:** Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Idaho:** Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement or claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Indiana:** A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

**Minnesota:** A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

**New Hampshire:** Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

**New Jersey:** Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

**Texas:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

**FOR APPLICATIONS ONLY:**

**Massachusetts:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**New Jersey:** Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.